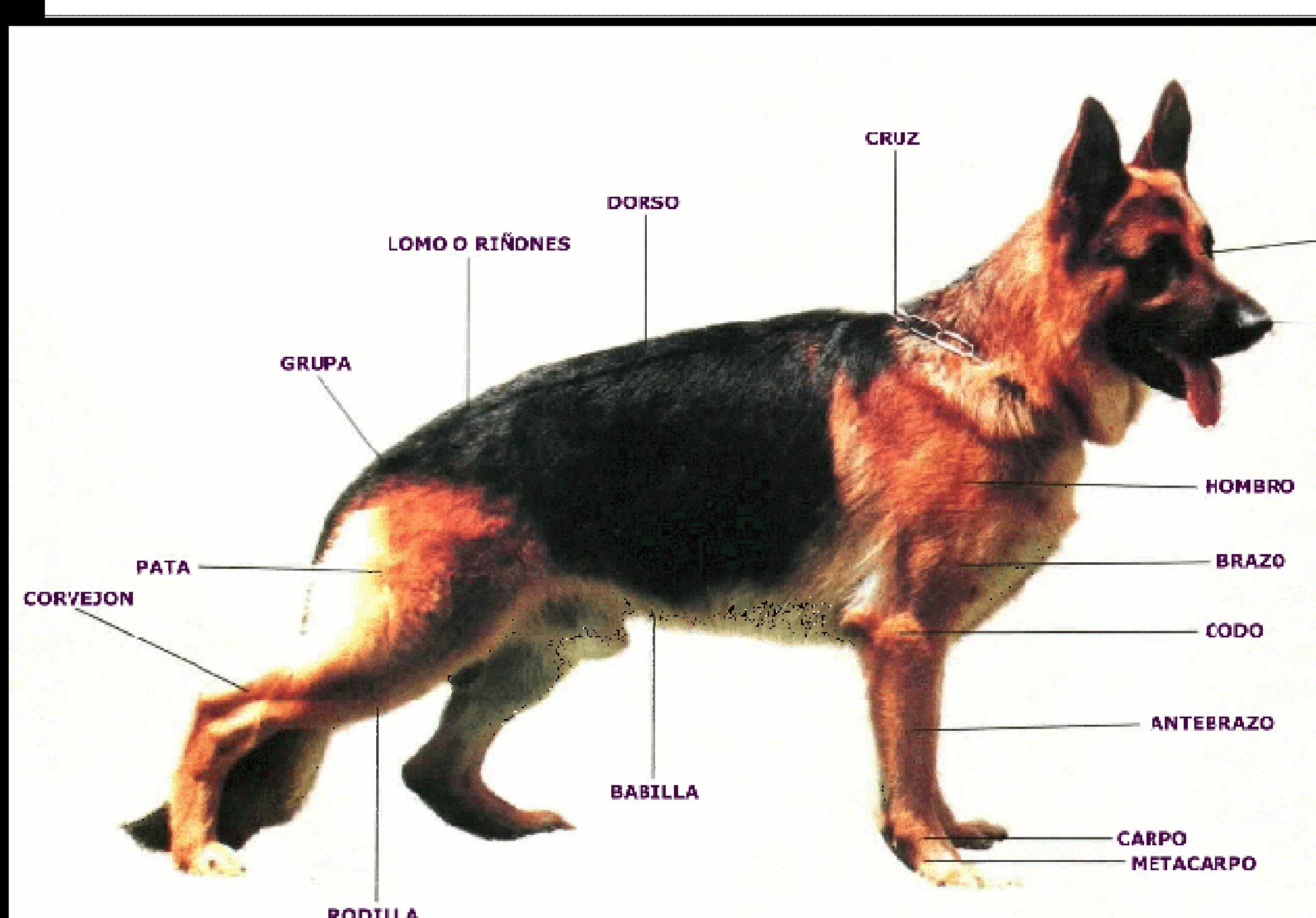
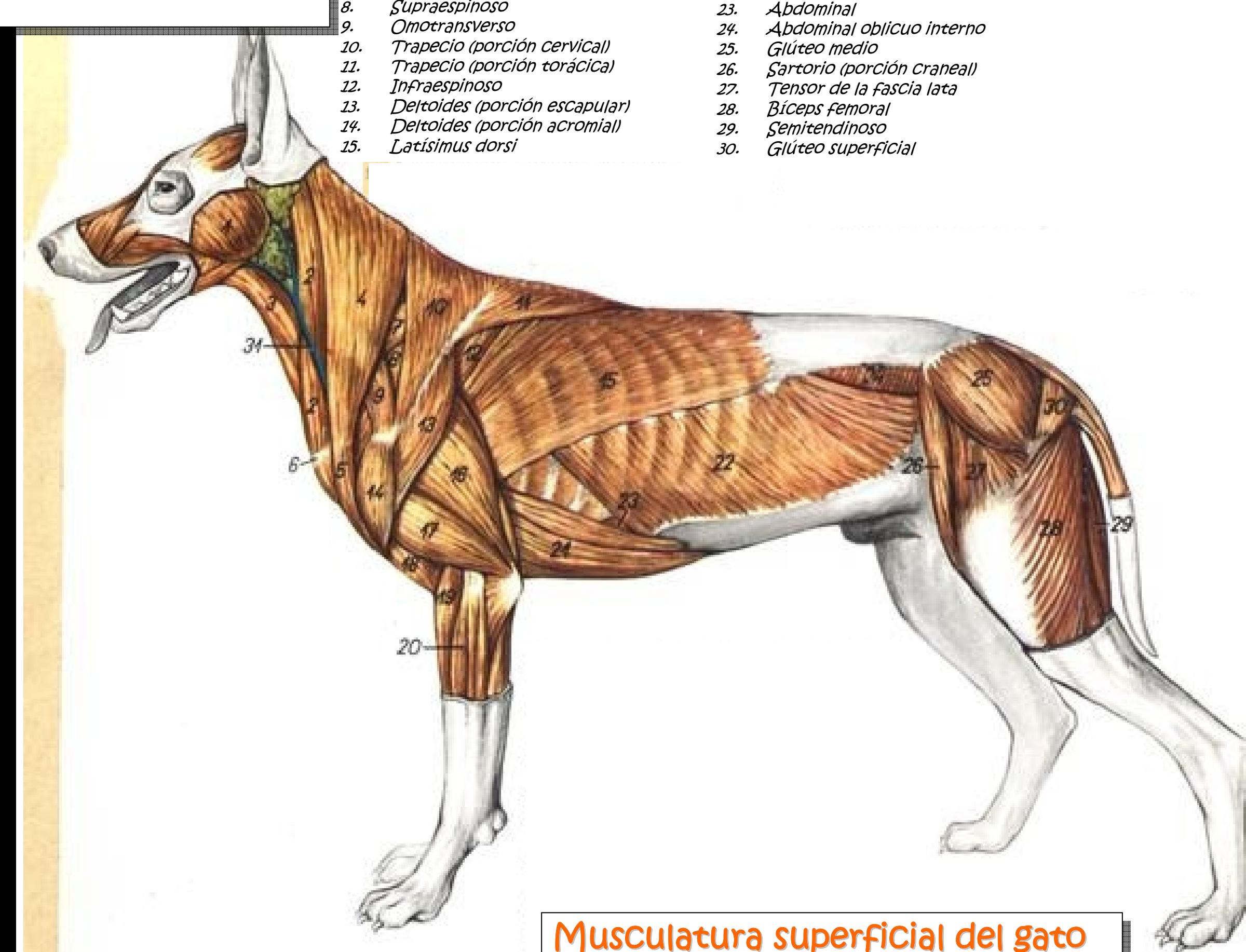


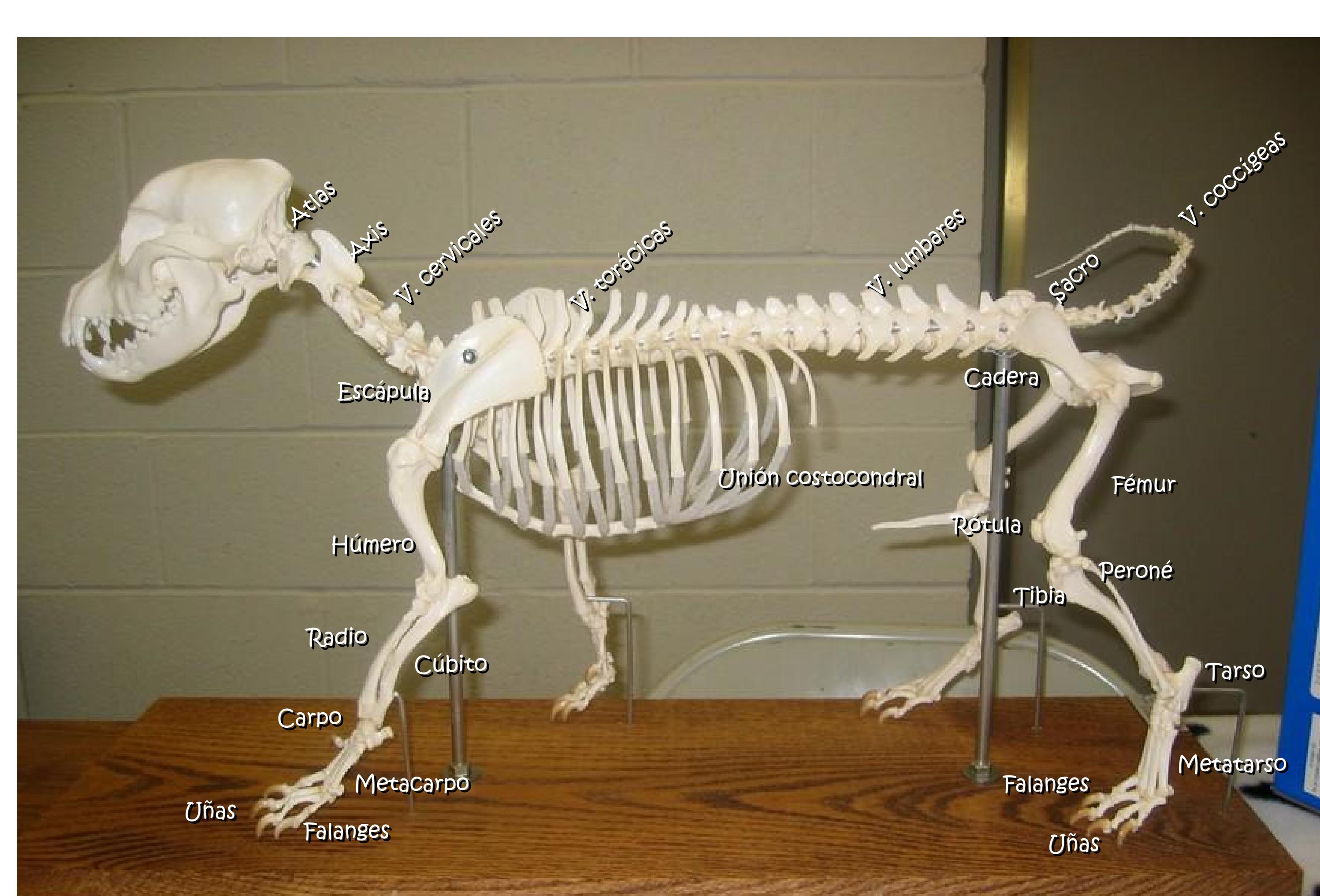
EXPLORACION DEL APARATO LOCOMOTOR



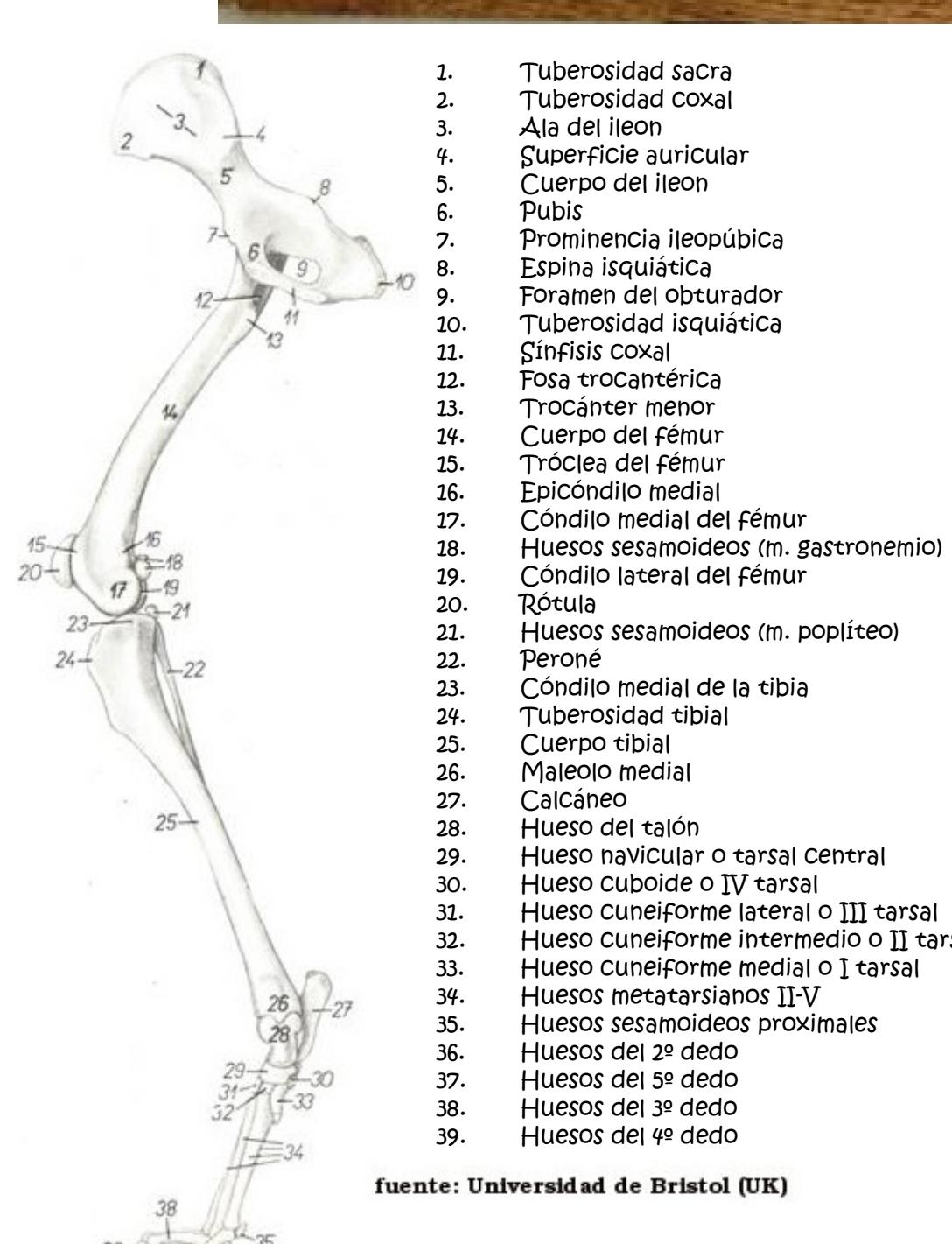
Musculatura superficial del perro



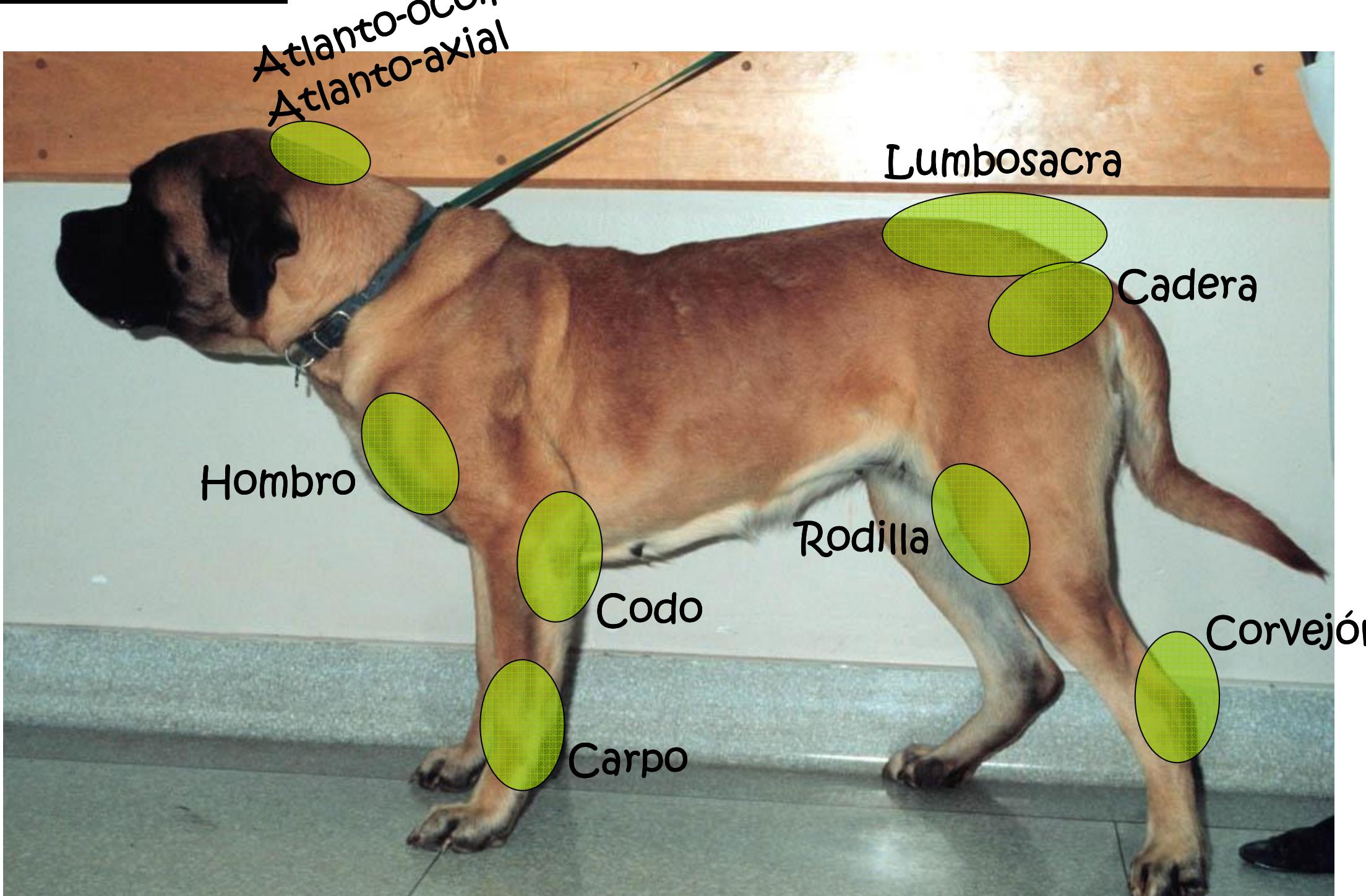
Musculatura superficial del gato



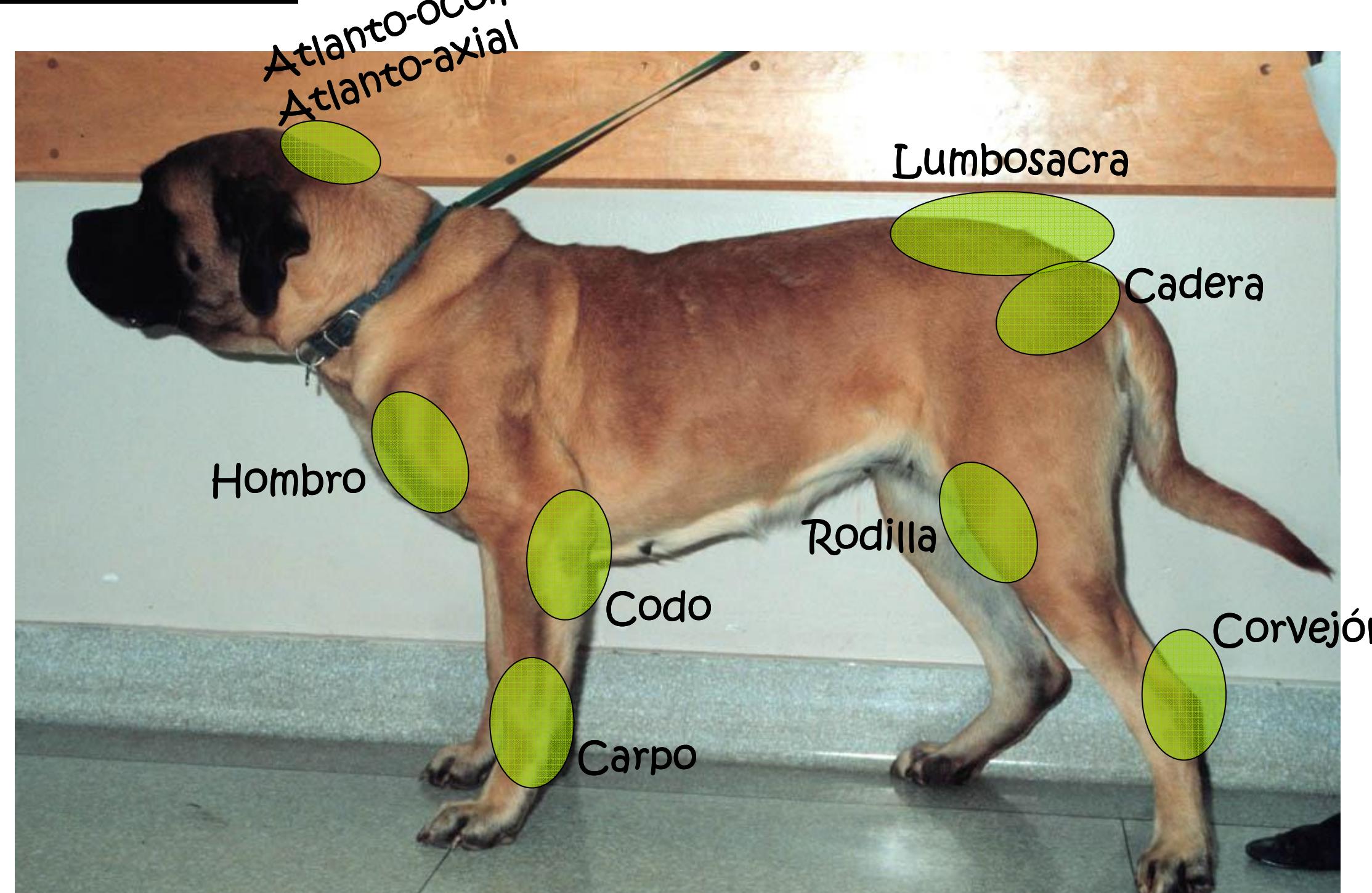
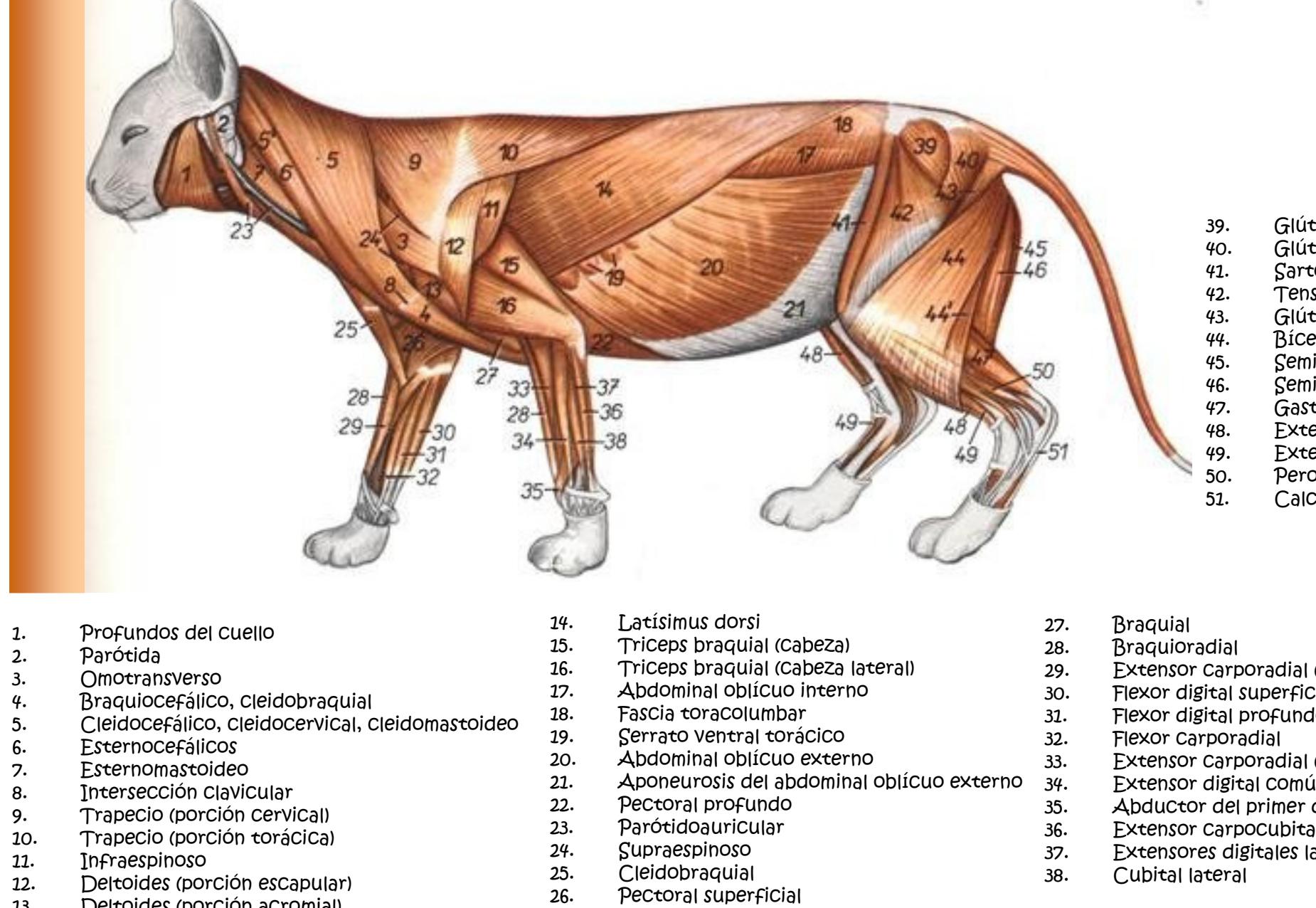
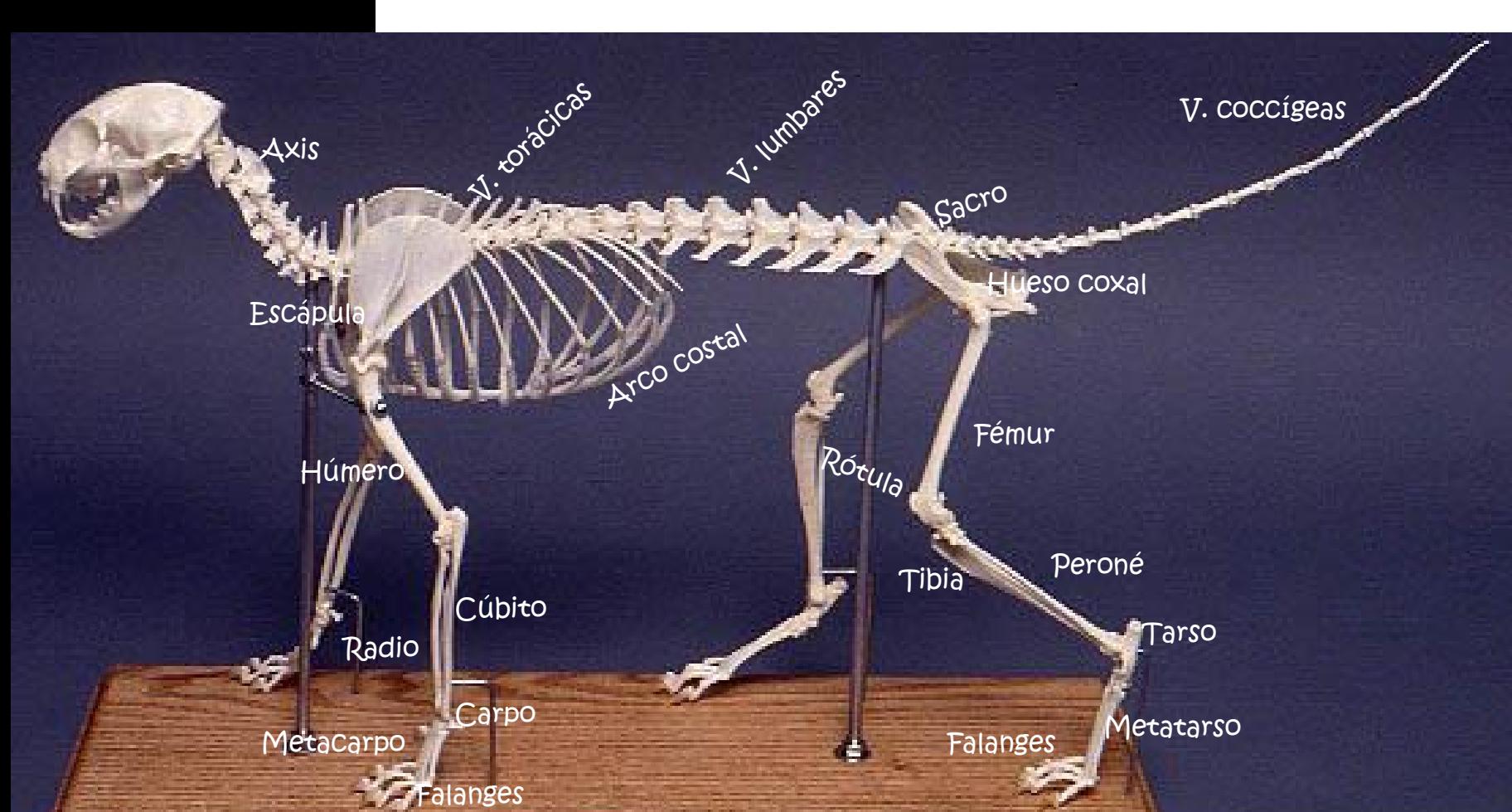
Fuente: Universidad de Bristol (UK)



Articulación de la rodilla...



Articulaciones de interés...



Anomalías más frecuentes...



Disciplina de Propedéutica Clínica

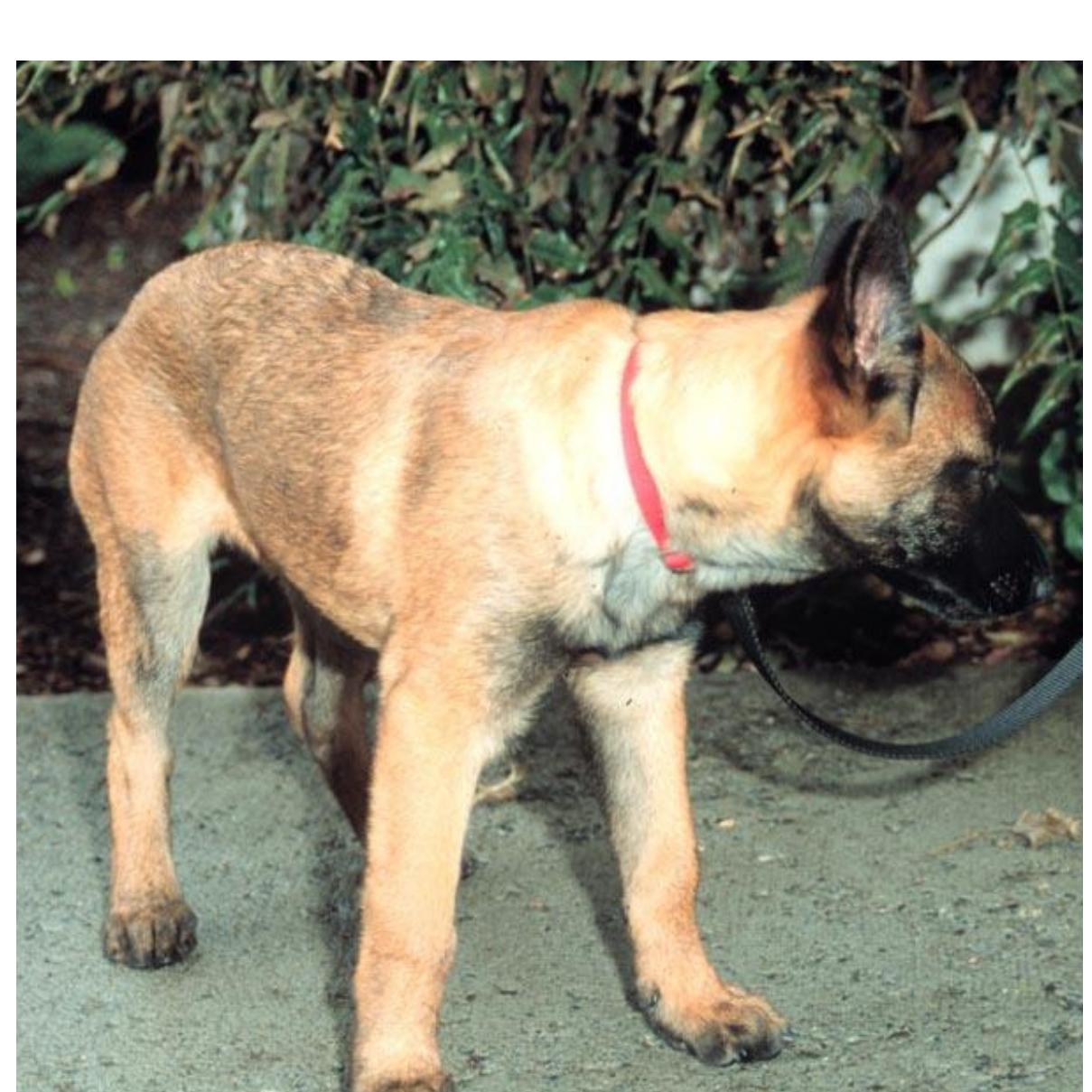


Apoyo Valgo

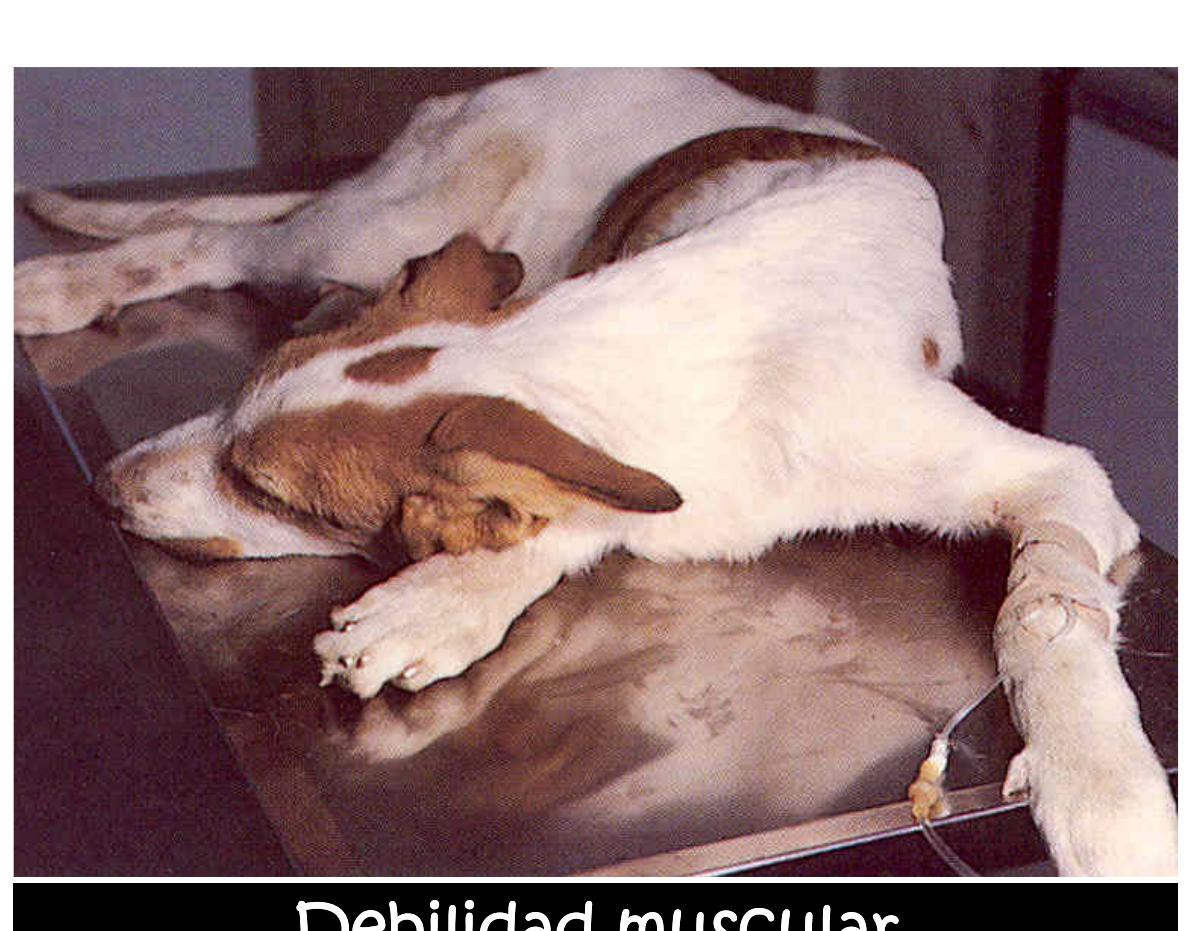


Paraplejia → Trombosis arteria femoral

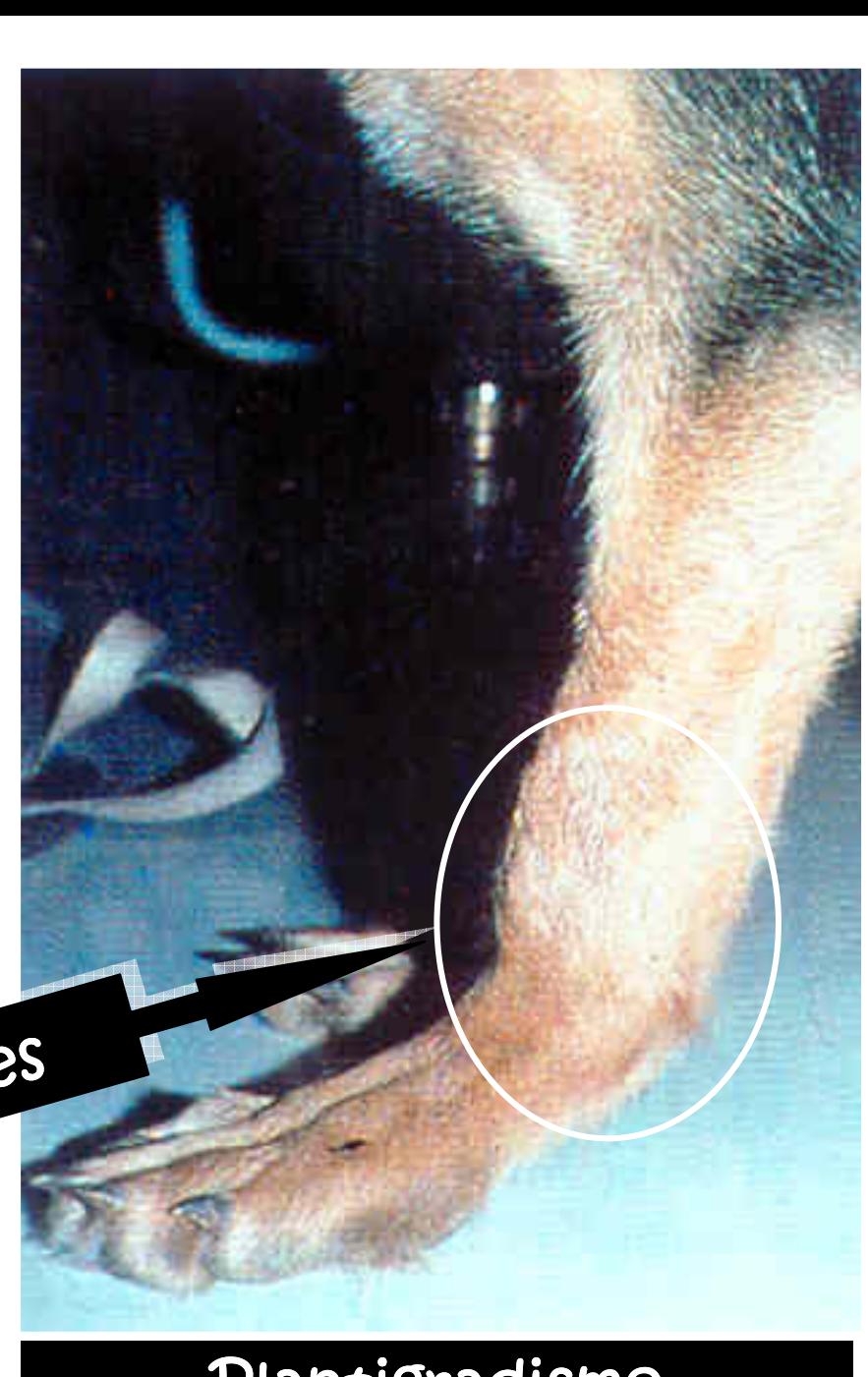
Tumores → Osteosarcoma



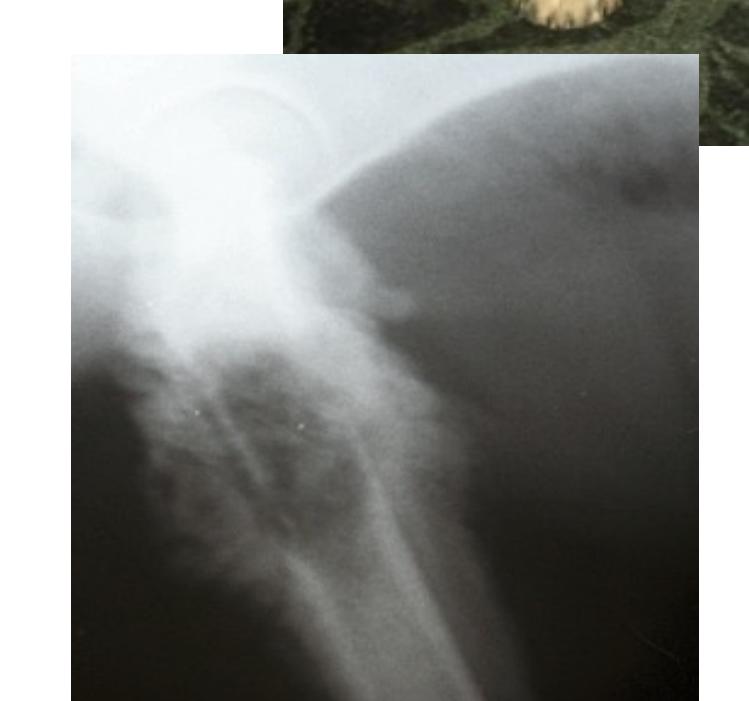
Osteodistrofia hipertónica



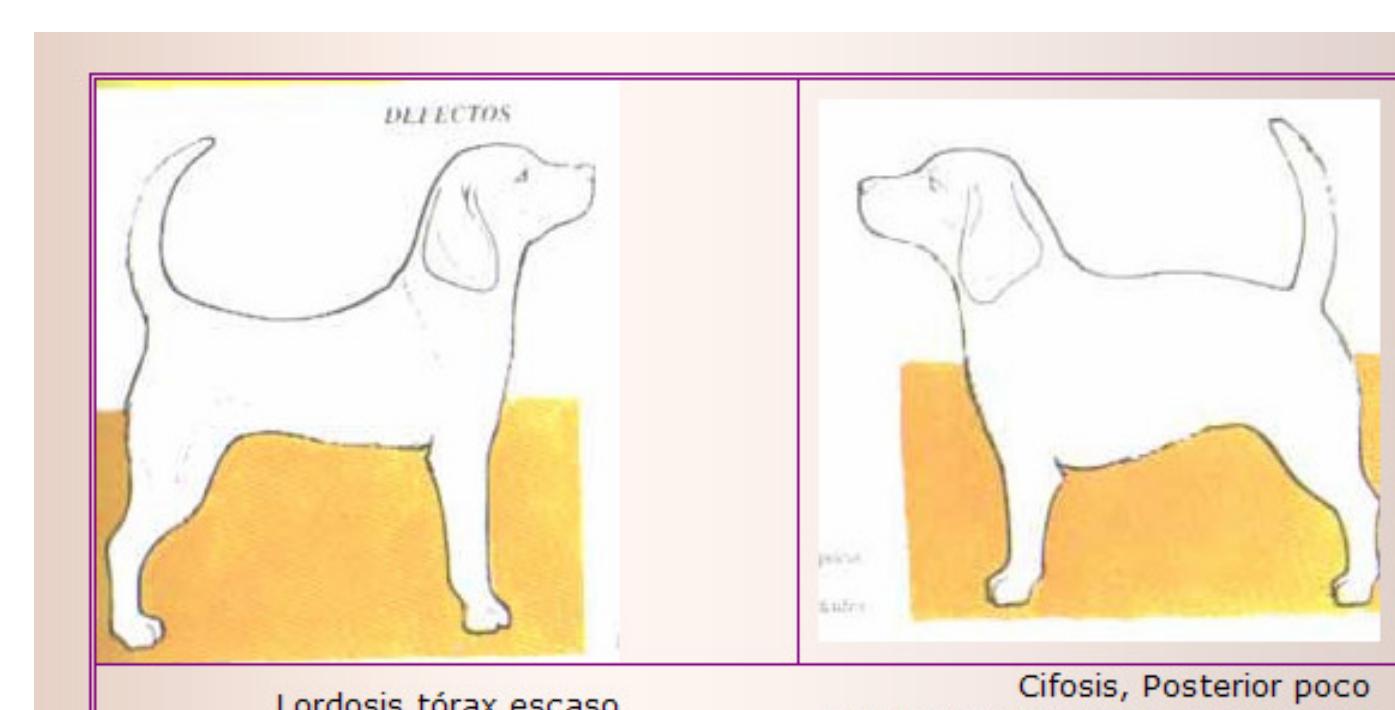
Debilidad muscular



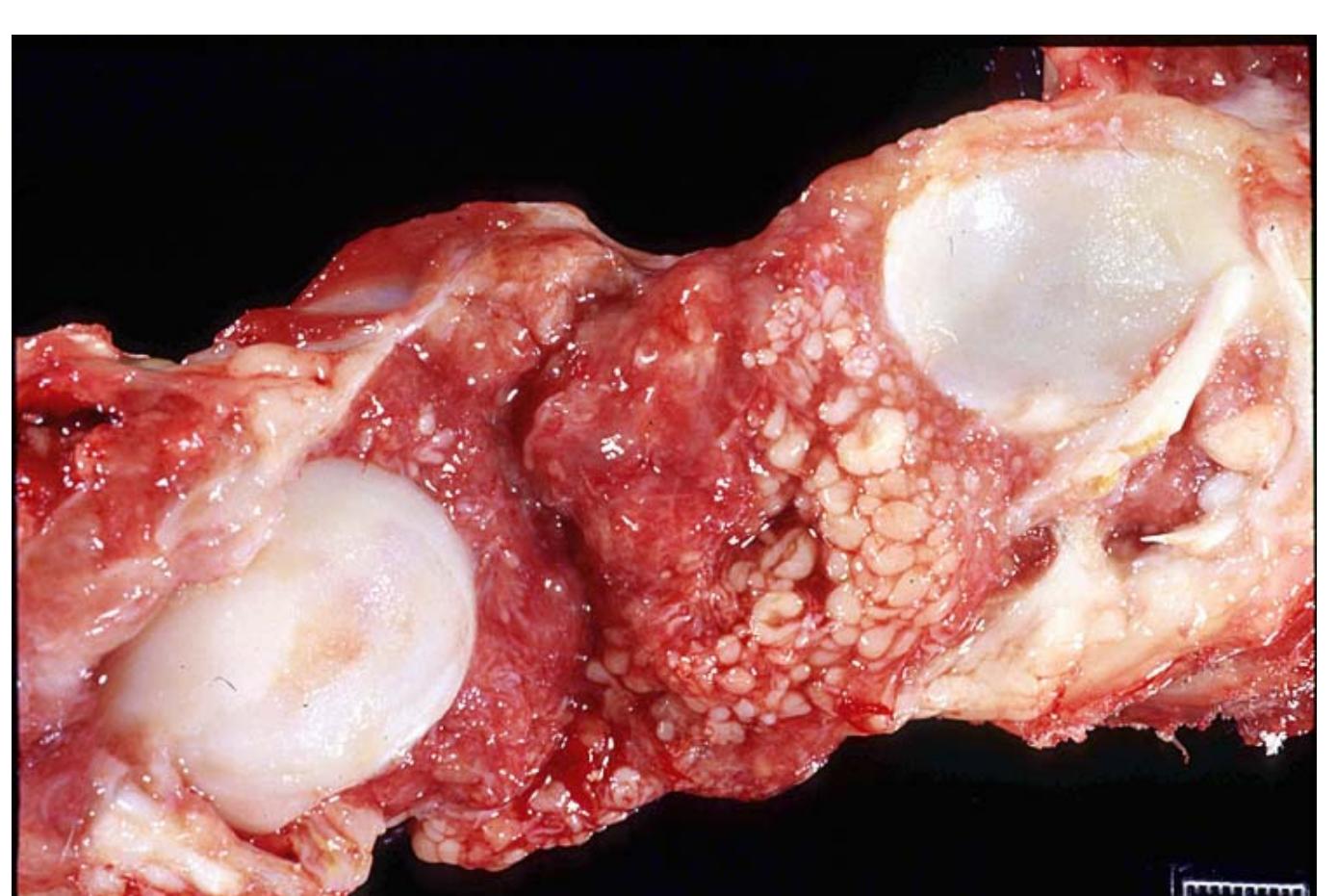
Engrosamientos radiocarpales



Plantigradismo



Desviaciones de columna



Artrosis escápulo-humeral



Artritis de Carpo y tarso



Pododermatitis

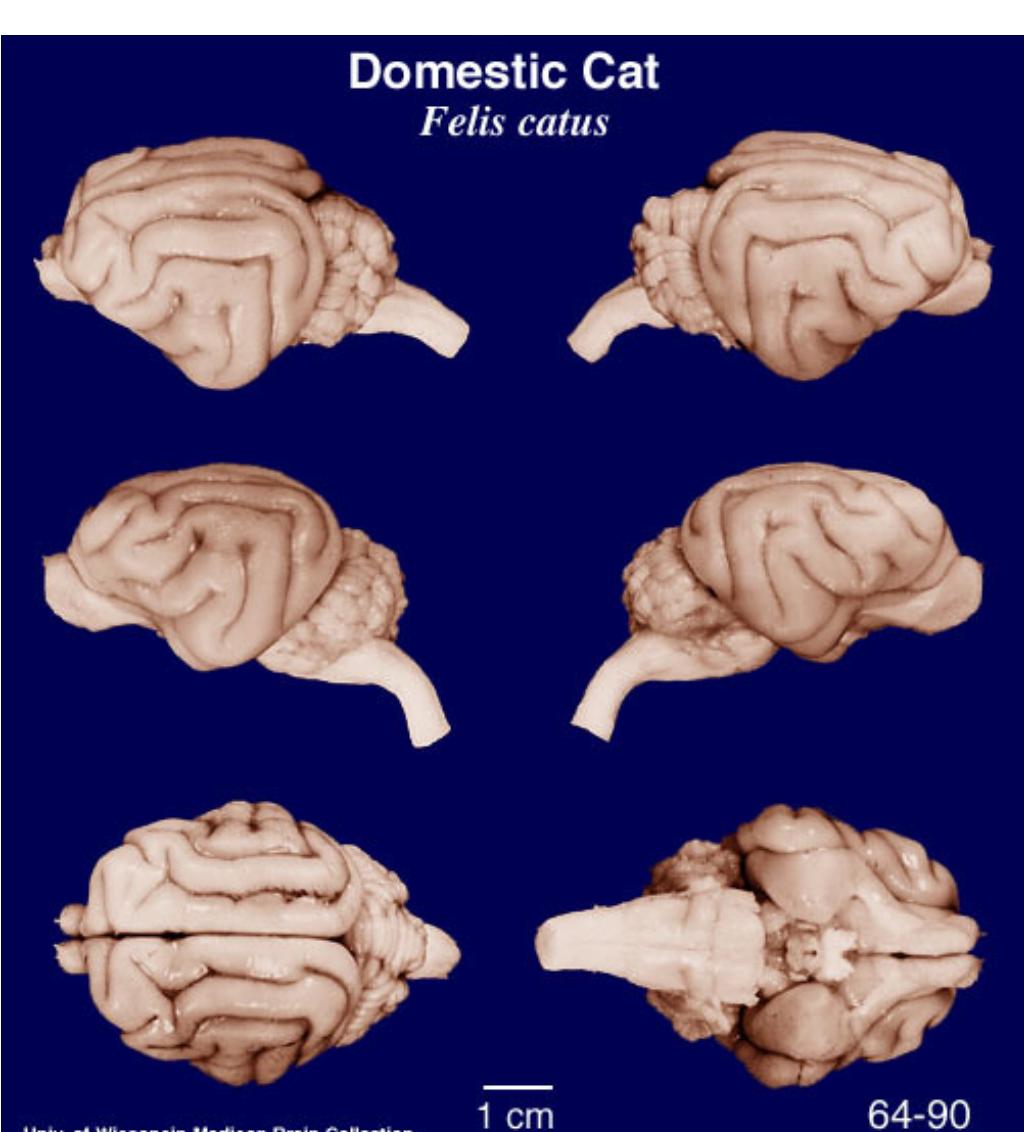
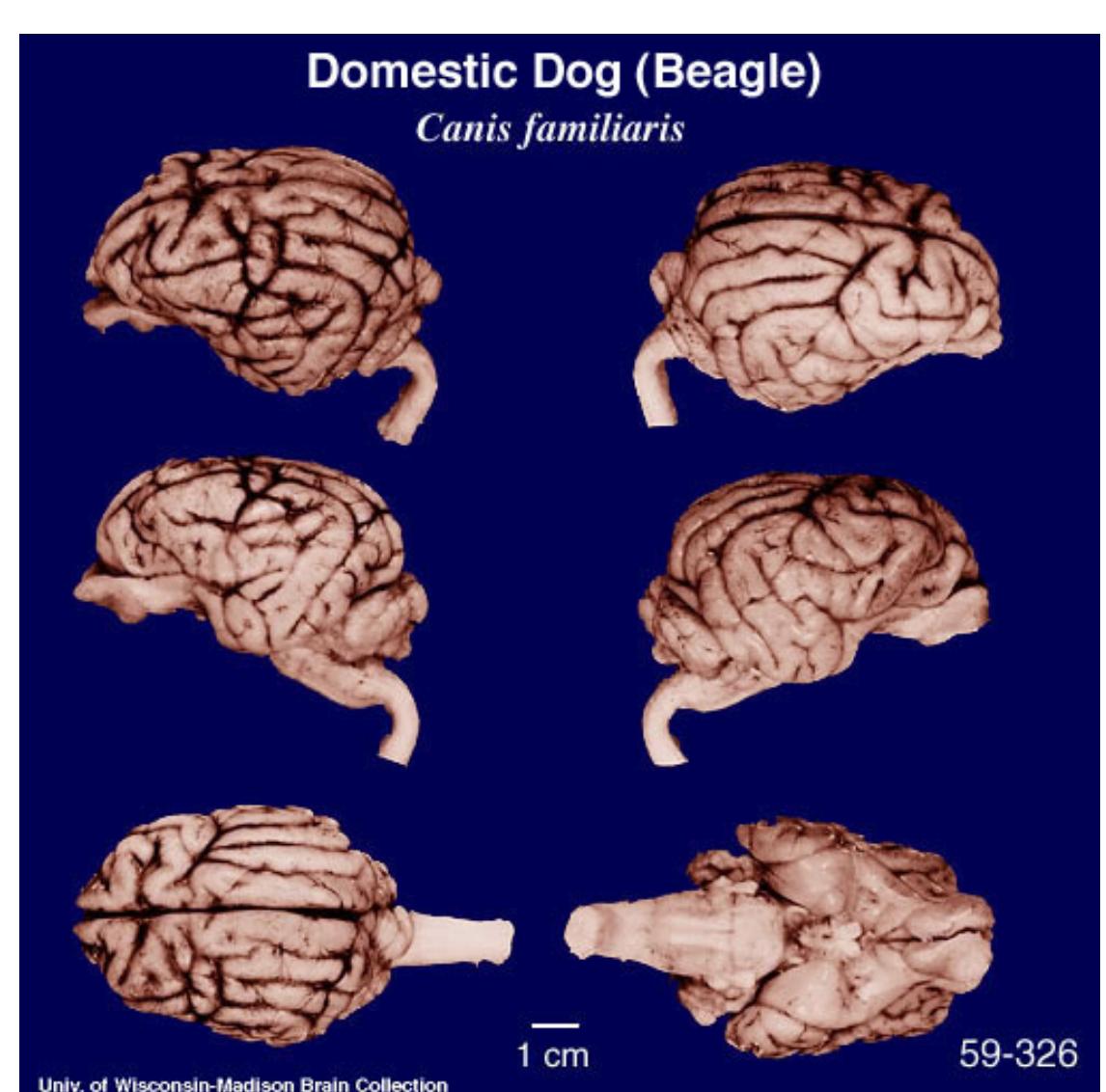
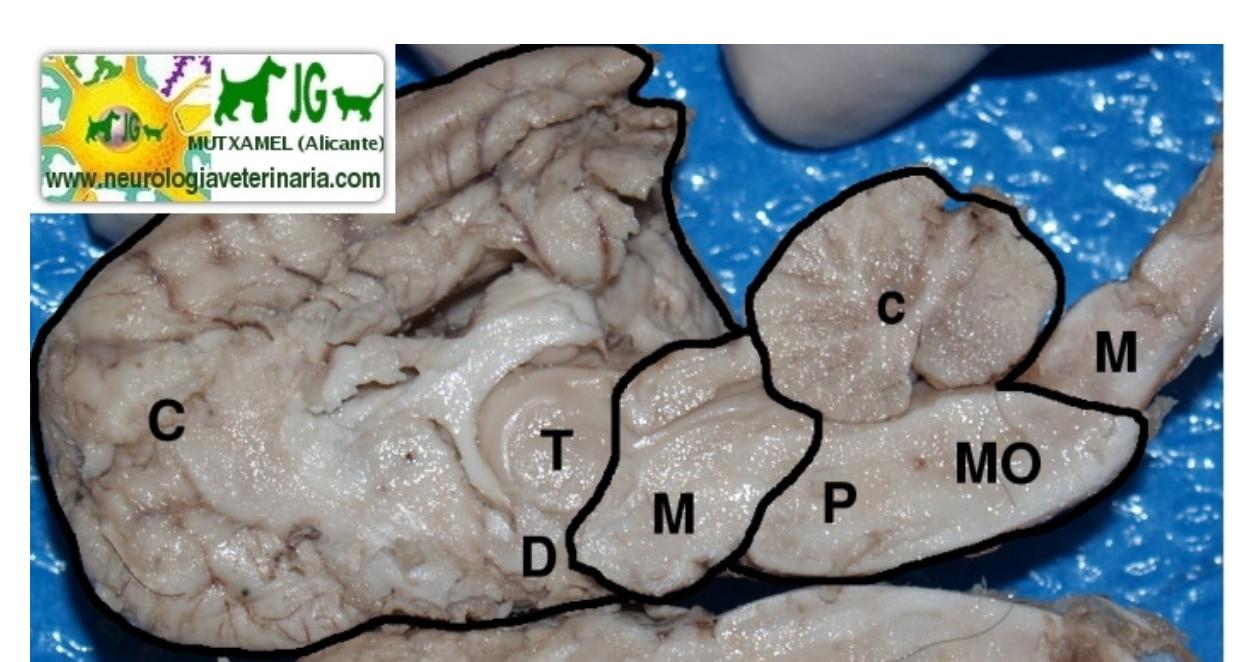
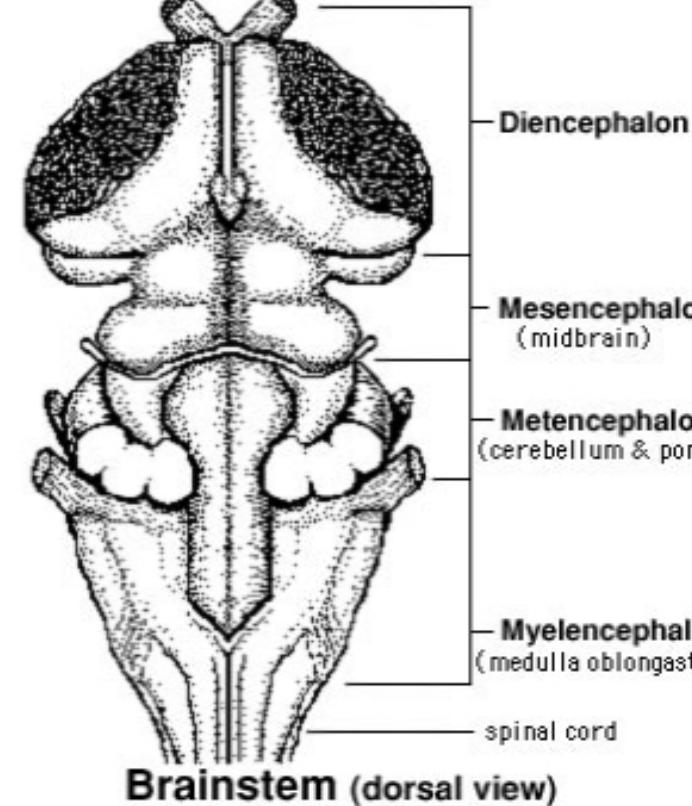
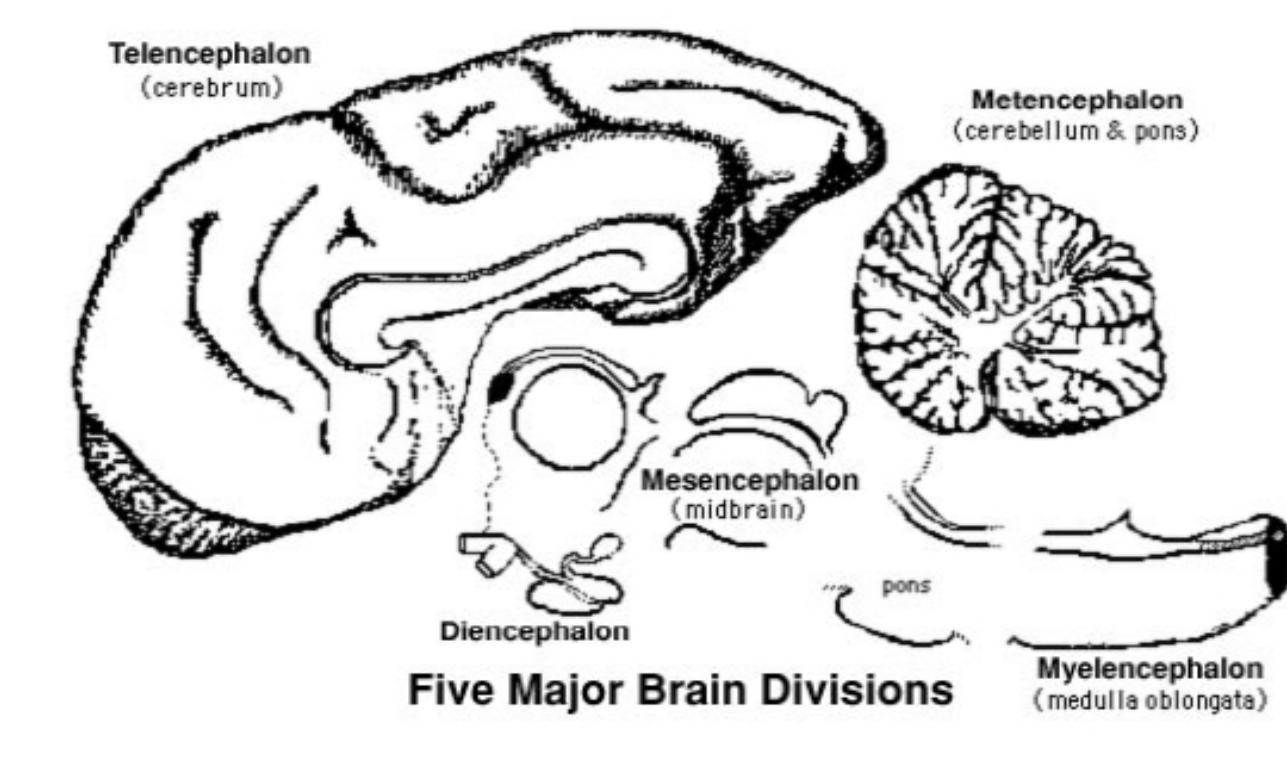


Lesión medular

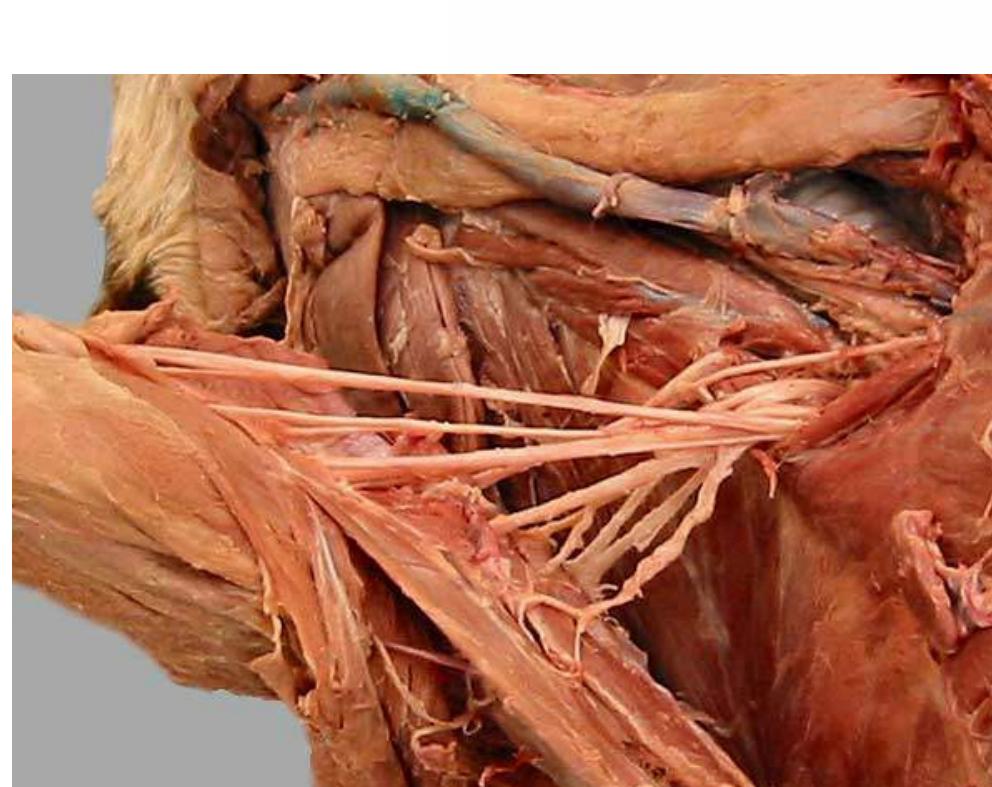
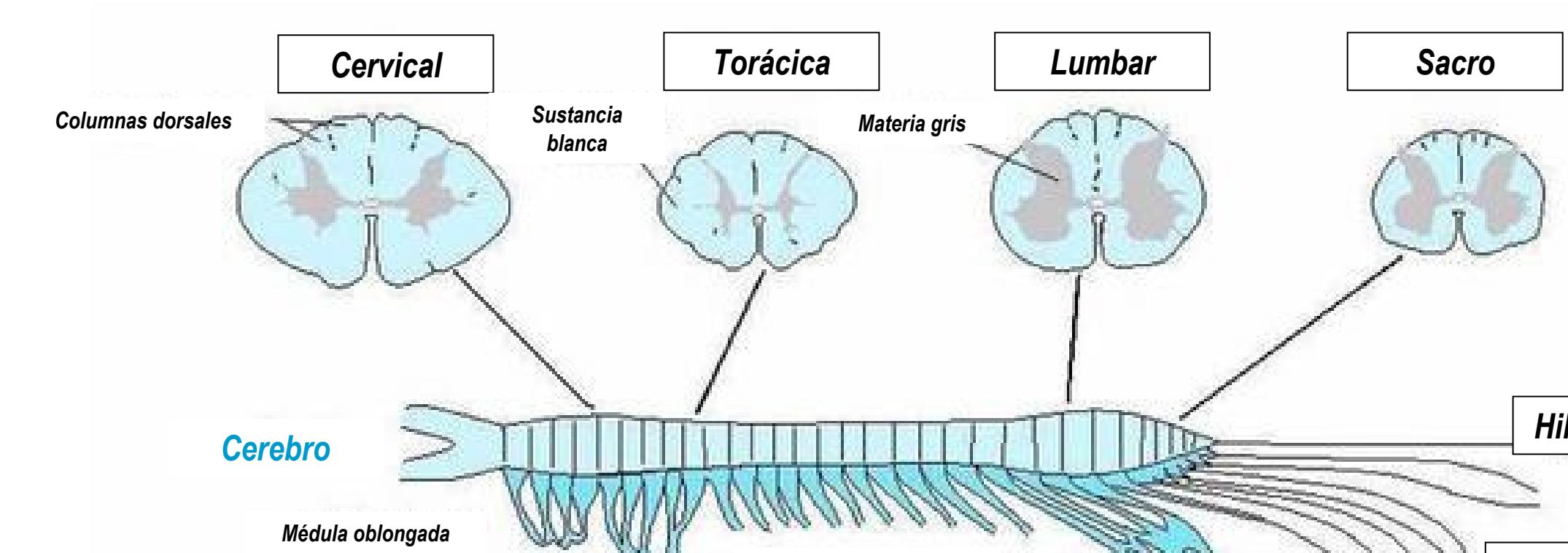


EXPLORACION DEL SISTEMA NERVIOSO

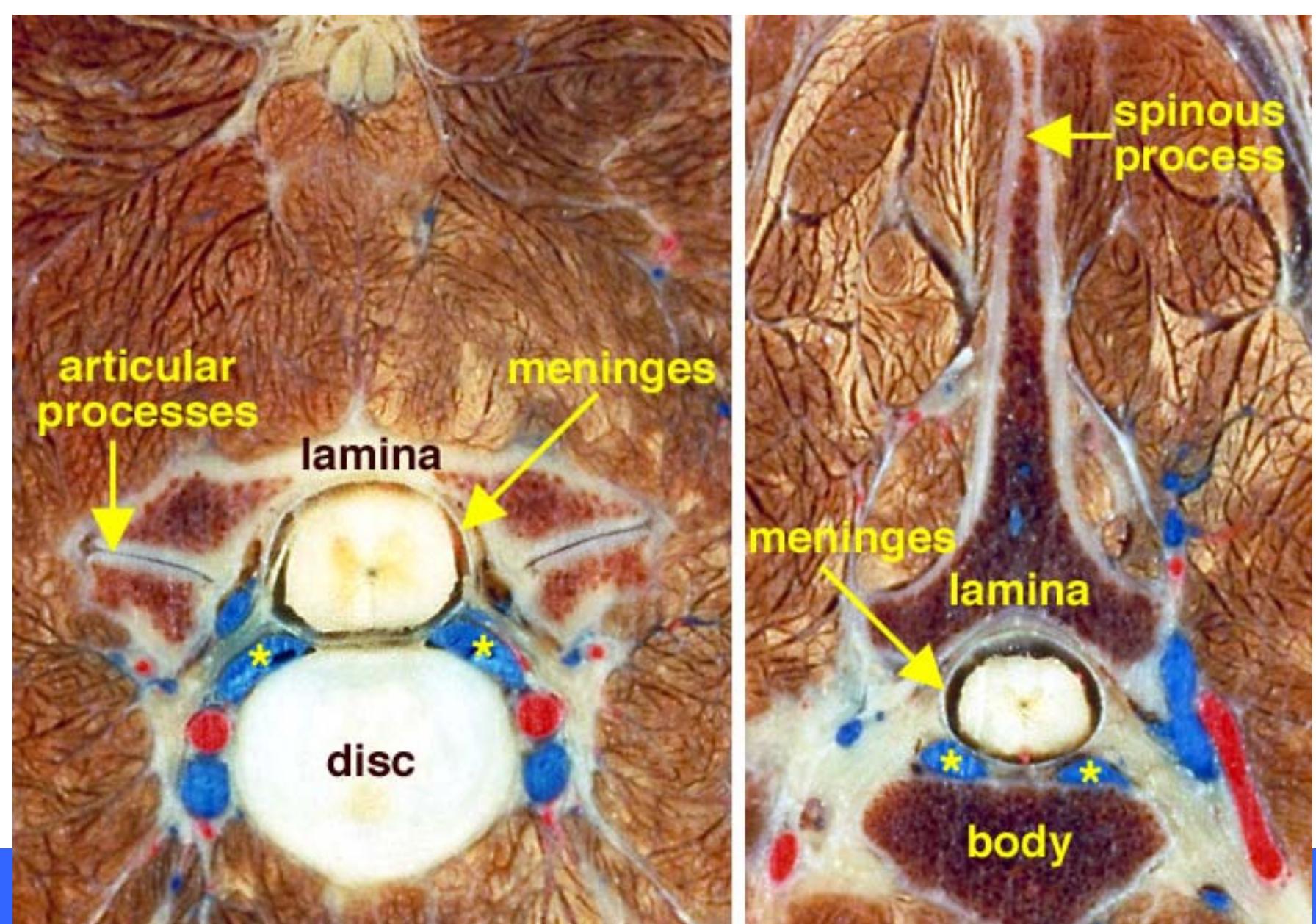
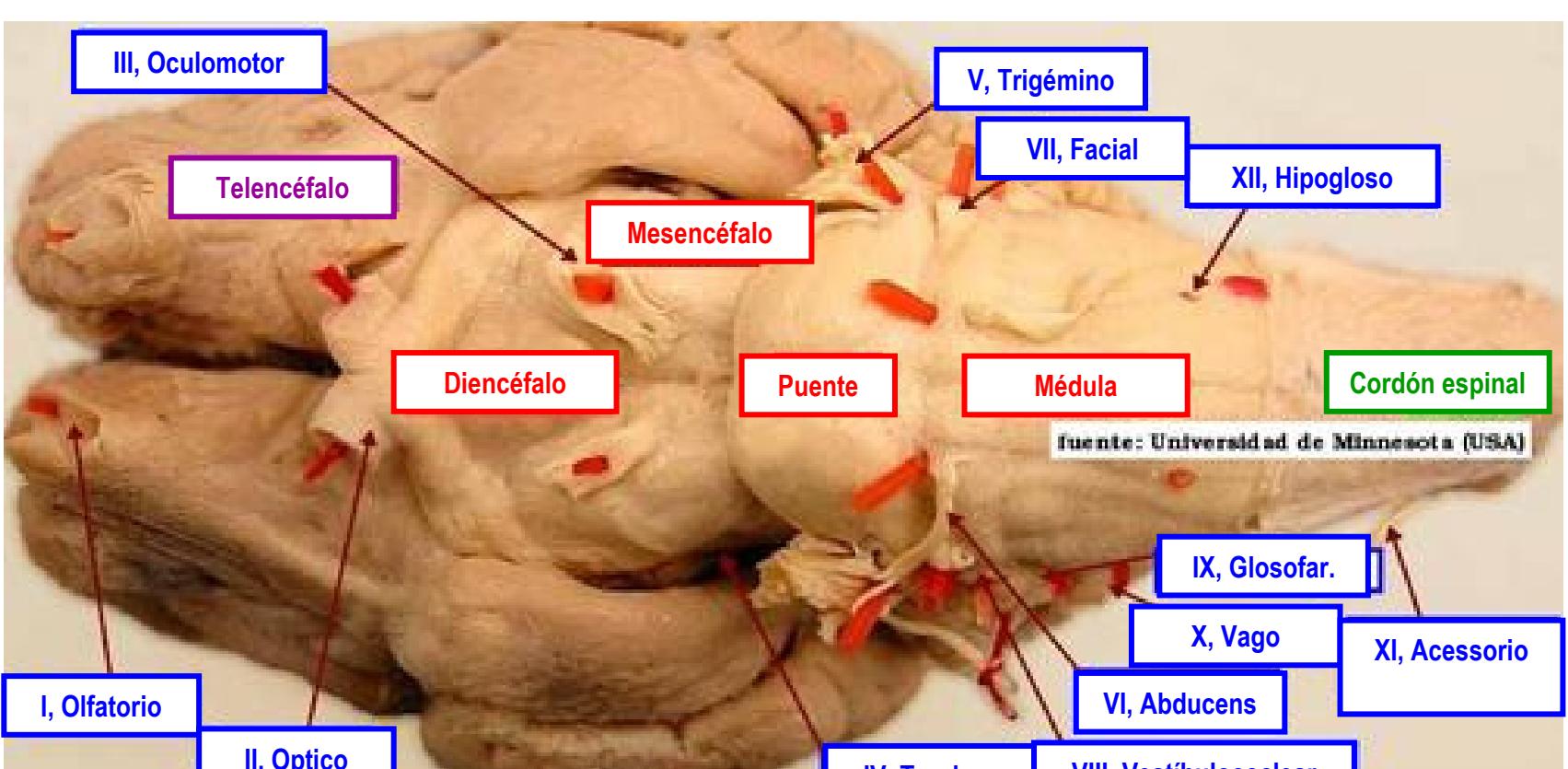
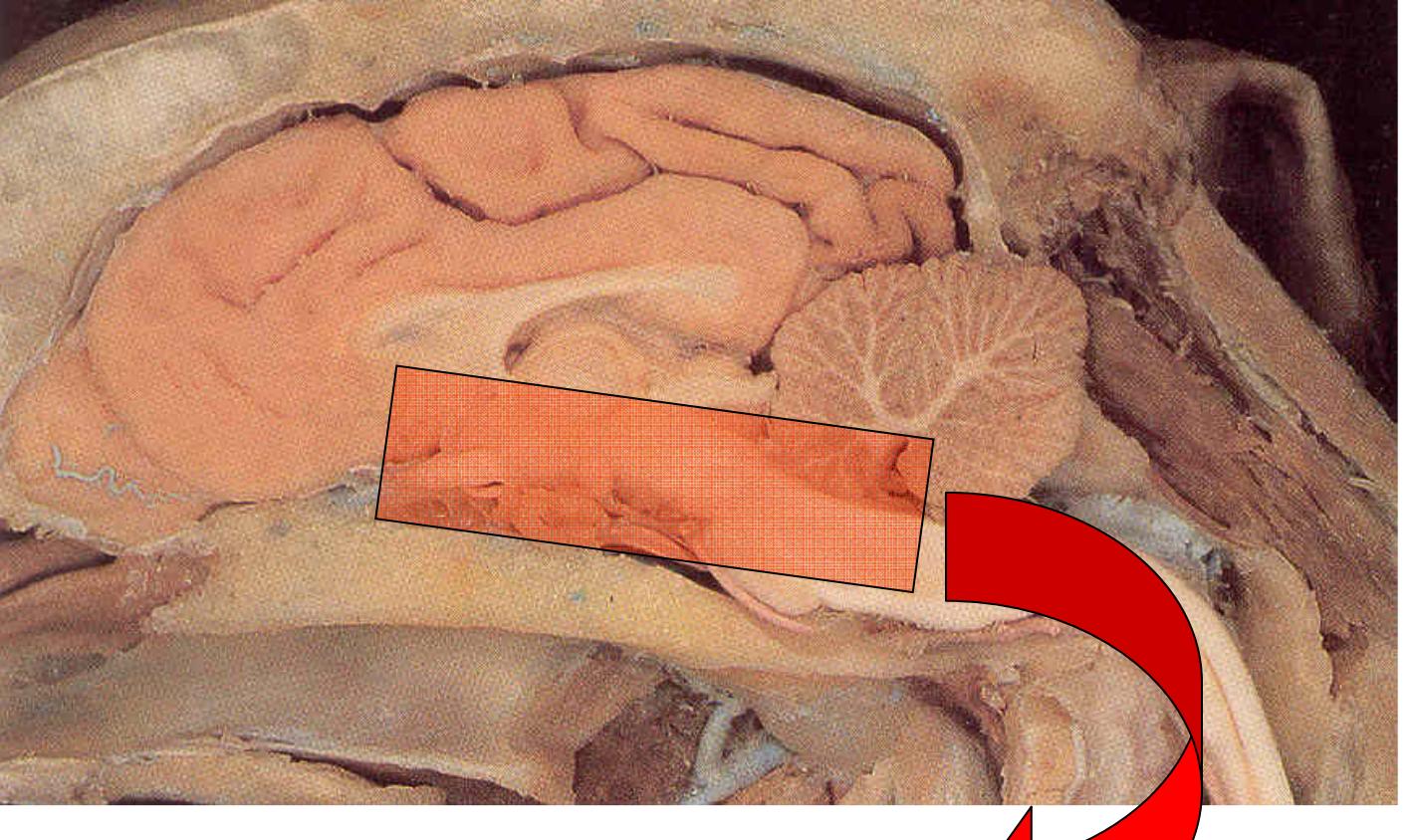
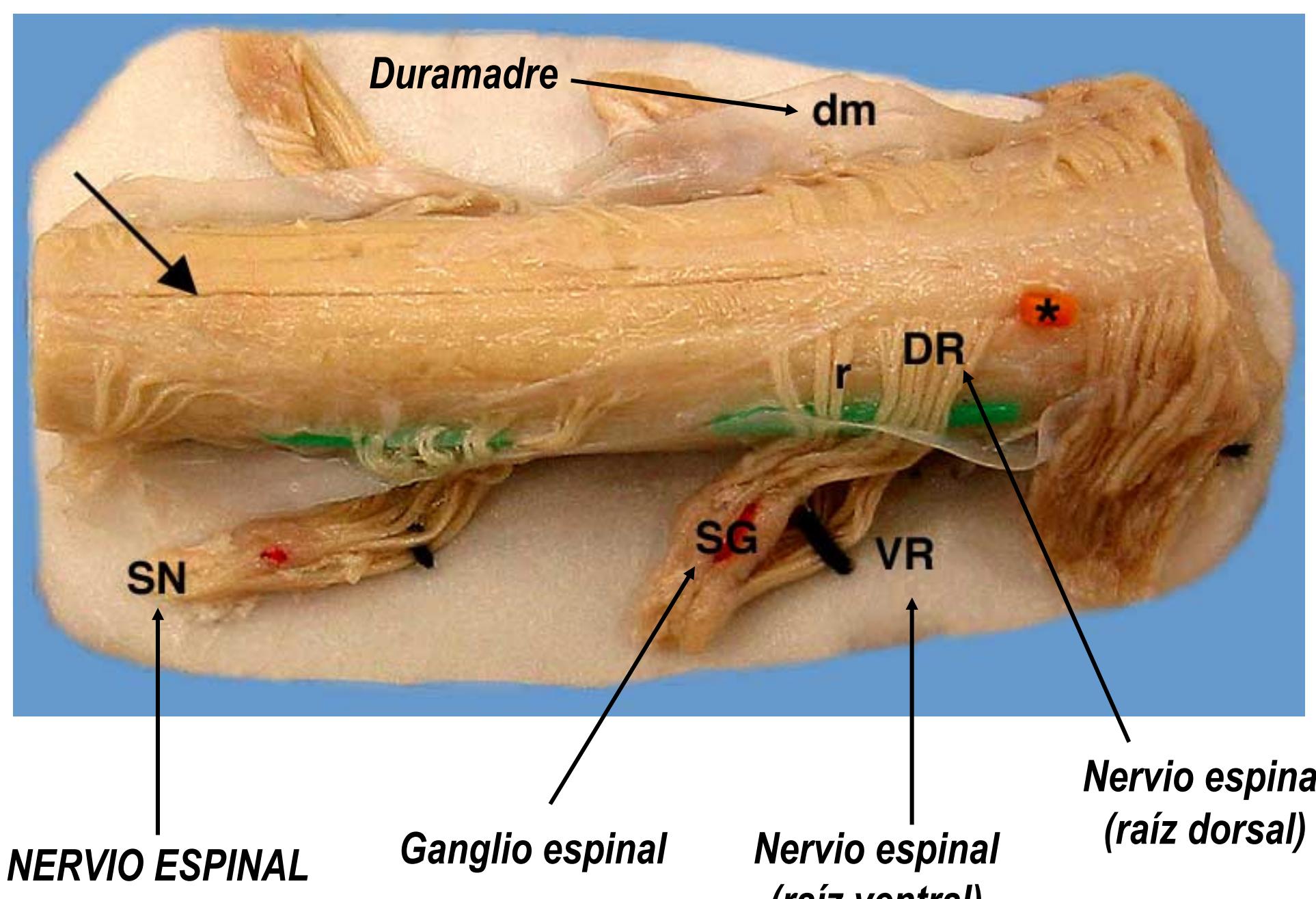
ENCEFALO



MEDULA ESPINAL

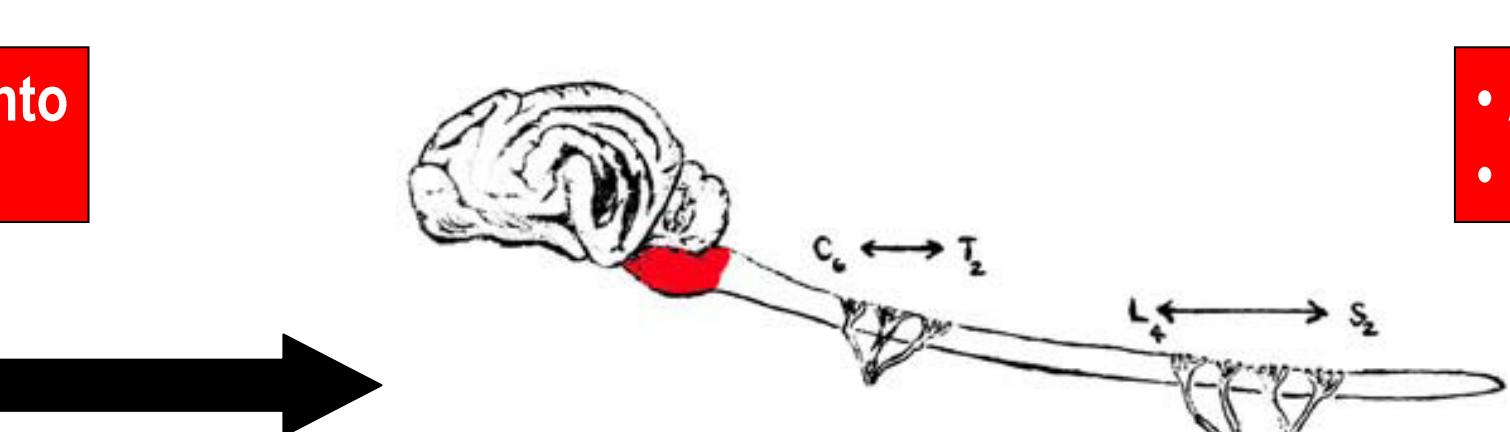
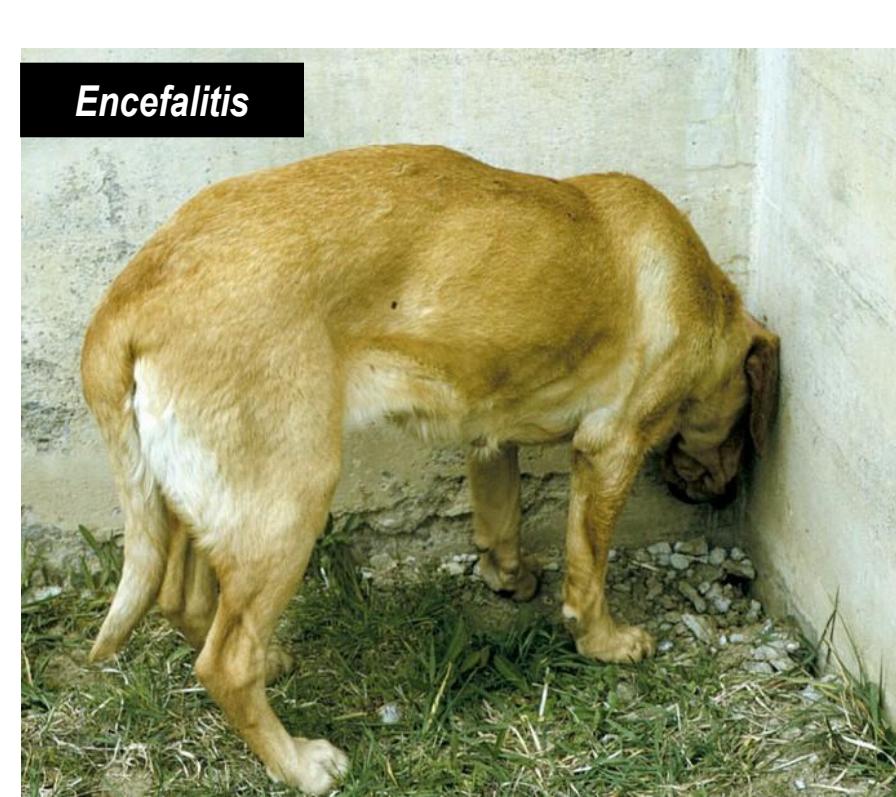
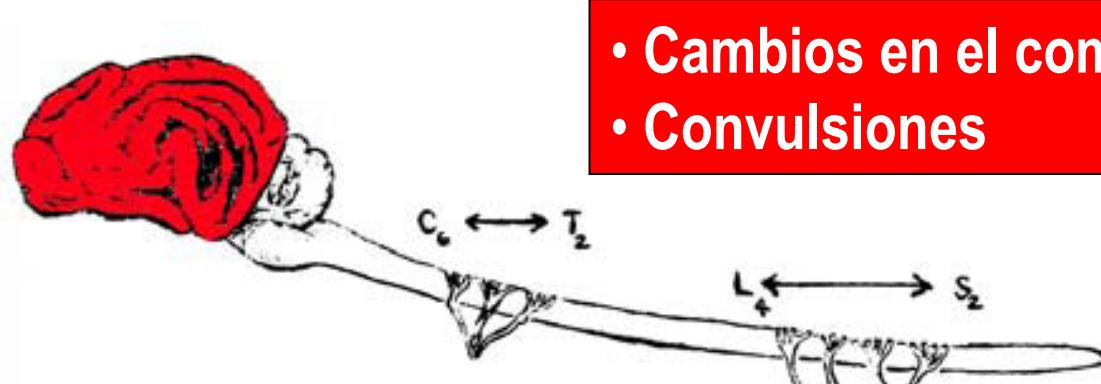


NERVIOS ESPINALES



¿Cómo localizar lesiones en SN?

- Cambios en el comportamiento
- Convulsiones



- Alteraciones PC
- Signos de NMS



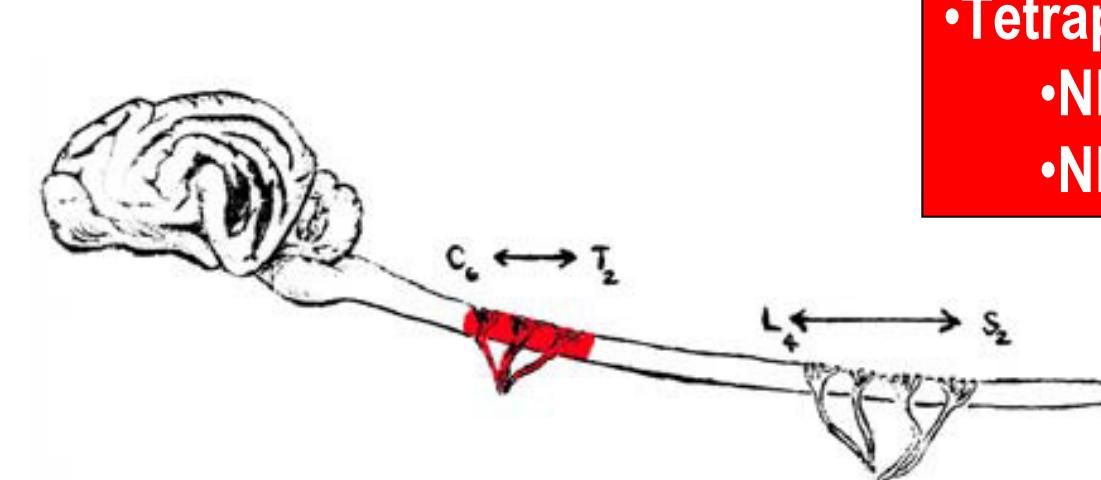
- Ataxia
- Temblores de intención
- Dismetria



- Tetraplejia/paresia NMS
- Dolor cervical



- Tetraplejia/paresia:
- NMI en torácicas
- NMS en pelvianas



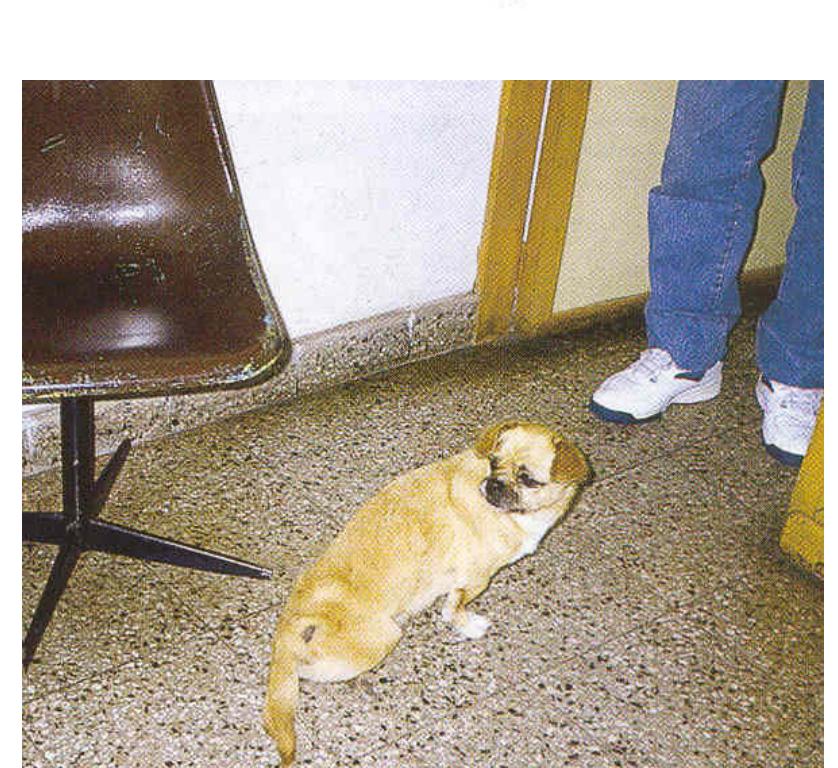
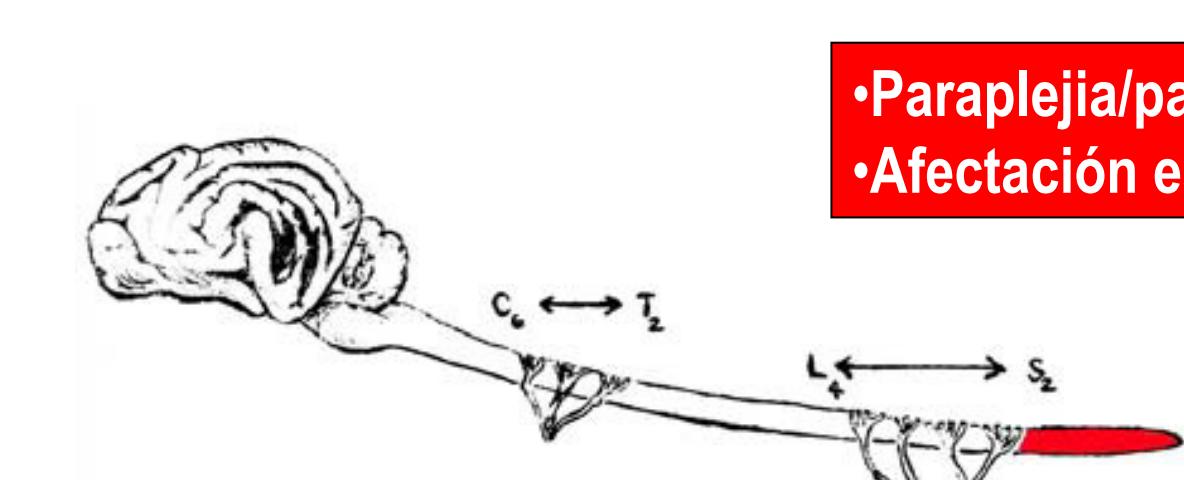
- Paraplejia/paresia NMS
- Dolor lumbar



- Paraplejia/paresia NMI



- Paraplejia/paresia leve (NMI)
- Afectación esfínteres y cola



- Monoplejia
- Signos de NMI en la zona del nervio



- Tetraparesia NMI

